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In Barking and Dagenham we understand the impact substance misuse has on an individual and the wider community and we are committed to ensuring that this is a priority for us. We have continued to invest in our substance misuse treatments services and have developed strong partnerships to address the wider impact on the community. As a partnership, we understand that having an addiction to a substance, whether it is alcohol, illegal drugs or prescribed medication is not a lifestyle choice and there are many contributing factors.

We are committed to ensuring that individuals who have become addicted, have opportunities to receive the treatment and support they need to enable them to become healthy and reach their full potential in life.

We are also committed to addressing the impact substance misuse has on the wider community through education and enforcement. For example, over the last 2 years we have ensured that all school pupils have been given age appropriate information about drugs and alcohol which dispels myths that may make experimenting with substances, including so called legal highs, attractive. The Council has also introduced and enforced Public Spaces Protection Orders regarding drinking alcohol in public areas and are seeking to do the same for the use of nitrous oxide (laughing gas). We want residents and visitors of Barking and Dagenham to feel safe when walking around the borough, and will not tolerate the few individuals who cause anti-social behaviour by using substances in public.

Through partnership working between the Local Authority, Public Health Services, Metropolitan Police, National Probation Service, Community Rehabilitation Company (CRC), Job Centre Plus, Council for Voluntary Services (CVS) and drug and alcohol service providers we are confident we will significantly and positively change the landscape of substance misuse within Barking and Dagenham.

Cllr Maureen Worby, Cabinet Member for Adult Social Care and Health

Cllr Laila Butt, Cabinet Member for Crime and Enforcement
Introduction

The London Borough of Barking and Dagenham is located at the heart of the Thames Gateway and has a vibrant community and significant investment opportunities alongside complex challenges.

Barking and Dagenham has seen a significant overall population increase of 13.4% to 185,911 (2011 Census), which equated to 22,000 more people living in the borough since 2001.

The 2014 mid-year population estimate was 198,294 and is projected to rise to 229,300 in 2022. This is a 20.3% increase and is the second largest in England after Tower Hamlets.

As a borough with a growing and diverse community with complex needs at a time of reducing resources, we face challenges in the future. However, the borough has developed excellent partnership working arrangements which enable resources to be shared to achieve the best outcomes for our community.

The Substance Misuse Strategy sets out our vision for improving the health and wellbeing of residents and reducing the impact of substance misuse on the wider community by 2020.

This Strategy identifies a number of objectives which will underpin commissioning plans and other agreements, to work in partnership, in order to make the greatest impact across the health and criminal justice system.

It also sets out how we will work together to deliver the agreed objectives over the next 4 years, whilst considering the changing political and financial environment that organisations are working in.

The Substance Misuse Strategy is the mechanism by which our Community Safety Partnership and Health and Wellbeing Board will address the identified objectives. The Strategy will be supported by a Delivery Plan which will be reviewed quarterly at the Substance Misuse Strategy Board.
Vision

To work in partnership to reduce the harm to individuals and the community caused by substance misuse.

Aims

- Improve public health
- Encourage social responsibility to reduce demand on public services
- Enhance community safety

Objectives

To achieve this Vision the key objectives of the Barking and Dagenham Substance Misuse Strategy are;
- Reduce the harmful impact of substance misuse on the wider community
- Ensure everyone can access good quality healthcare when they need it and continue to enable access to effective treatment and promote sustained recovery
- Enable social responsibility by supporting residents to take responsibility for themselves, their homes and their community
- Protect the most vulnerable, keeping adults and children healthy and safe
There are a number of national, regional, and local documents that have influenced the development of Barking and Dagenham's Substance Misuse Strategy. These are identified as follows:

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Governance

- Health and Wellbeing Board
- Safer and Stronger Communities Select Committee
- Children’s Trust
- Barking and Dagenham Community Safety Partnership
- Substance Misuse Strategy Board
- Alcohol Alliance

Select Committee

Children’s Trust

Health and Wellbeing Board

Safer and Stronger Communities

Substance Misuse Strategy Board

Barking and Dagenham Community Safety Partnership

Alcohol Alliance
The Government put together a National Drug Strategy in 2010 to tackle the issues of substance misuse across the Country. They advise that the most effective strategy is one that will meet local need and that services commissioned are in line with best practice. This strategy attempts to tackle local issues in line with the Government’s National Drug Strategy, therefore the themes will be the same: Reduce Demand, Restrict Supply and Building Recovery in Communities.

Reducing Demand – creating an environment where the vast majority of people who have never taken drugs continue to resist any pressures to do so, and making it easier for those that do to stop. This is key to reducing the huge societal costs, particularly the lost ambition and potential of young drug users. The UK demand for illicit drugs is contributing directly to bloodshed, corruption and instability in source and transit countries, which we have a shared international responsibility to tackle;

Restricting Supply – drugs cost the UK £15.4 billion each year. We must make the UK an unattractive destination for drug traffickers by attacking their profits and driving up their risks;

Building Recovery in Communities - this Government will work with people who want to take the necessary steps to tackle their dependency on drugs and alcohol, and will offer a route out of dependence by putting the goal of recovery at the heart of all that we do. We will build on the huge investment that has been made in treatment to ensure more people are tackling their dependency and recovering fully. Approximately 400,000 benefit claimants (around 8% of all working age benefit claimants) in England are dependent on drugs or alcohol and generate benefit expenditure costs of approximately £1.6 billion per year. If these individuals are supported to recover and contribute to society, the change could be huge.

The latest findings from Public Health England indicate that each drug user not in treatment costs society £26,074. The findings also show that every £63 invested in drug treatment prevents a crime. Every £1 spent on drug treatment saves £3.85 to society. NICE estimates the costs to society generated by each injecting drug user add up to £480,000 over their lifetime.

Furthermore, Public Health England Alcohol and Drug team (using Home Office data) estimate the borough saves £9,017 per year per person who is engaged in structured treatment. During 2014/15 there were 879 individuals engaged in structured drug treatment in Barking and Dagenham, therefore the total saving was estimated to be £7,925,943. It is crucial to ensure as many drug users as possible are engaged in treatment for their own benefit and the benefit of the residents of Barking and Dagenham.

1 http://www.homeoffice.gov.uk/drugs/drug-strategy-2010
Local Context

In Barking and Dagenham it is estimated that there are currently over 1,000 individuals who use opiates and/or cocaine and over 7,000 people using cannabis according to the National Crime Survey for England and Wales and 2011 census population figures.

In addition it is estimated that about one in five of the adult population of Barking and Dagenham are hazardous alcohol drinkers, with nearly 6,000 of them drinking sufficient amounts to be harmful to their health.

Work is underway to identify the prevalence of New Psychoactive Substances, also known as legal highs, in Barking and Dagenham. However, it is known that Nitrous Oxide (laughing gas) and Spice (synthetic cannabis) are the main substances used by young people that engage with the young people’s drug project. The decision to illegalise New Psychoactive Substances has not yet been made by Government. The changes in legislation will be reflected in the delivery plan of the strategy.

The borough has also set up an addiction to medicine treatment pathway to support those individuals who are either prescribed pain killers or purchase them over the counter and have subsequently become dependent on them.

It is important to note that not everyone that uses substances, whether legal or illicit will use them problematically or abuse them. However, we need to establish why people use drugs and alcohol and what we can do in order to prevent the next generation of substance abusers.

A key area of work has been around education, to ensure that individuals are informed as much as possible with the known facts about substances so they can make an educated choice. We currently provide substance misuse workshops in all secondary schools in the borough and have commissioned a provider to work with PSHE leads to ensure that teachers have the most up to date and relevant tools to deal with substance misuse issues.

The Substance Misuse Strategy Board is keen to ensure that treatment provision recognises that there are many elements to an individual’s recovery journey. Whilst individuals may receive a variety of tailored interventions where there is a demonstrable need, this should be within a wider context of recovery planning from the outset.

Our local treatment services have also seen an upward trend in the proportion of individuals who have completed treatment successfully over the last three years as a proportion of those in treatment. The number of people who then relapse and return to treatment is reducing.

Addictions to substances is also a key contributor to many other crimes, including domestic abuse which, due to its prevalence, is a priority in Barking and Dagenham. The Substance Misuse Strategy Board is keen to ensure that addressing harmful use of substances remains a cross cutting priority on the agenda for the Community Safety Partnership and Health and Wellbeing Board.

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5 http://www.crimesurvey.co.uk/index.html
Public Health Outcome Framework: Indicator 2.15 - Successful Completion of Drug Treatment

Definition

The number and proportion of clients in treatment in the latest 12 months who successfully completed treatment and who did not then re-present to treatment again within six months, reported separately for opiate and non-opiate clients. The graph highlights performance in Barking and Dagenham in the last three years. There has been an increase of those individuals that used non opiate drugs, with almost half successfully completing treatment and not returning to Substance Misuse services.

Despite the decline in the number of people using opiates that successfully completed and not returned to Substance Misuse services, Barking and Dagenham are still one of the highest performing boroughs compared with boroughs clustered similar to ours.

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7 Successful Completions and Re-Presentations: Partnership Report, Guidance Document 2014/15
Key Deliverables

Reduce the harmful impact of substance misuse on the wider community
- To provide training and support to enforcement services to improve compliance with the Designated Public Place Order, also known as Controlled Drinking Zone and Public Spaces Protection Orders.
- Review alcohol licensing enforcement by the Council and Police to ensure all available resources are being used effectively and efficiently.

Ensure everyone can access good quality healthcare when they need it and continue to enable access to effective treatment and promote sustained recovery
- To commission drug and alcohol services to support adults and young people to provide education and information and support people with problematic substance use to achieve a better quality of life.
- Increase the number of OCUs accessing treatment and being discharged from treatment free from drug dependency
- Improve treatment coverage of non OCUs, as measured by numbers successfully engaged in treatment and re-presentation rates

Enable social responsibility by supporting residents to take responsibility for themselves, their homes and their community
- To work in partnership with retailers and licensees to promote the Drink Aware campaign and reduce opportunities for alcohol misuse.
- Using intelligence from sources such as CCTV, Neighbourhood Watch and service users disrupt drug supply routes into the borough through targeted partnership activity.
- Provide intensive, bespoke support to Troubled Families, and other families with multiple complex needs to reduce the number of families who have drug and alcohol related issues

Protect the most vulnerable, keeping adults and children healthy and safe
- To develop the programme around drug and alcohol education to be available to all schools to enable them to achieve the Healthy Schools Award.
- To work in partnership with GP’s to support individuals who are addicted to prescribed medication.
- Identify high-risk population and offer them Identification and Brief Advice (IBAs) for alcohol harm reduction.
- Consider good practice from other areas in relation to early intervention and action.